| Term | Autumn 1 | | Autumn 2 | | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | _ | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|------|---|-------|--|--------------|--|--|--------------|---|--|
| | Identity and culture | | Identity and culture | | School Talking about school subjects | Identity and culture | | Local area, holiday and | Local area, holiday and |
| | Meeting and greeting people; | | Talking about likes and dislikes | | asking questions and using | Talking about what activities you | | travel | travel |
| | Spelling in French (using the | | using regular – <i>er</i> verbs (<i>je, tu,</i> | | intonation and Est-ce que?; | do on computers and mobiles | | Saying what there is in | Saying where your family |
| | French alphabet); | | il/elle) at present tense; | | Asking someone why he/she | using regular - <i>er</i> verbs at present | | your town/village using <i>il y</i> a/il n'y a pas de; | and you normally go on |
| | Saying how old you are counting to 21 and using j'ai to | | Talking about what is in your | | likes/dislikes something giving | tense; | | a, | holiday using the nous form of the verbs in the |
| | say I am; | | survival kit using <i>avoir</i> (<i>je, tu, il/elle</i>) at present tense. | | reasons for liking/disliking | Talking about which enorts you | | Asking where something is | present tense; |
| | Saying when your birthday is | | ,,, | | subjects using <i>parce que</i> to join sentences. | Talking about which sports you play using <i>jouer à</i> . | | giving directions using the prepositions <i>devant</i> , | Saying what you do when |
| | using the days of the week and | | Describing yourself using être | | sentences. | | | derrière and entre and | getting ready to go out |
| | months of the year and <i>c'est</i> to say <i>it is;</i> | | (singular forms: <i>je, tu,</i> <i>il/elle/on</i>) at present tense and | | Describing your timetable using | Talking about what activities you | | understanding when to | using reflexive verbs (singular); |
| | 3α y 10 13, | | understanding adjective | | the 12-hour clock and days of the | do using faire at present tense; | | use tu and vous. | |
| | Talking about what you have in | | agreement (singular); | | week; | Saying what you like doing using | | Talking about where you go using <i>à</i> + the definite | Asking someone how much money he/she has using |
| | your pencil case using j'ai and je n'ai pas de; Using colours | | Talking about other people | | Describing your school day using | aimer + infinitive; | | article and the present | higher numbers . |
| | and making adjectives agree | | understanding adjective | | on to say we; | Saying what other people do | | tense of <i>aller;</i> | Saying what you are going |
| | with nouns. | | agreement (plural) and using | | Talking about food using the | using <i>ils</i> and <i>elles</i> form of -er | | Asking someone to go | to do in the holidays using |
| | Talking about what there is in | | possessive adjectives (singular forms); | | partitive article: du, de la, de l', | verbs, present tense; | | somewhere, | the near future tense; |
| | your class using <i>il y a</i> and <i>il n'y</i> | | | | des; | | | accepting/declining an invitation; | Saying what you would like |
| | a pas and prepositions; | | Describing a musician using | | Phonics | Phonics | | Saying what you can do in | to do using je voudrais + |
| | Phonics | | the present tense (je, tu, il/elle) of regular –er verbs and | | th: théâtre | silent final consonant (s) | | a town using on peut + | infinitive ; |
| | silent final e (revision): appelle | _ | irregular verbs avoir and être | | é (revision): déteste | (revision): <i>mes</i> s-liaison (revision): <i>des e-mails</i> | ~ | infinitive; | / |
| | | ent 1 | (singular); | ant | qu (revision): <i>est-ce que</i> | r: regarde | ent | | Phonics |
| Year | Phonics | sme | Phonics | Assessment 2 | Phonics | e (revision): <i>je</i> | Assessment 3 | Phonics -ien: bien | am: camping -gn- (revision): montagne |
| 7 | un: un im: important | ssea | oi: voiture | sses | ym: sympa | Phonics | ssea | -ille: ville | nasal sounds an, on, en |
| | j: je | A | ou: douche | A | an: marrant ou (revision): beaucoup | y: rugby | A | -s-: loisir | (revision): ans, allons, |
| | e: je | | u: lunettes eau: oiseau | | | -ill-: billard | | silent final consonant (s) | <i>monuments</i> s-liaison (revision): États- |
| | silent final consonant (s, t) (revision): as, important | | eu: jeu | | Phonics | au: au | | (revision): <i>pas</i> | Unis |
| | | | i: violon | | h: heure x-liaison: deux heures | Phonics | | Phonics | x-liaison (revision): <i>aux</i> |
| | Revision and Assessment – | | é: éléphant | | t-liaison: huit heures | y (revision): <i>gymnastique</i> | | ou (revision): <i>tout</i> | États-Unis |
| | Project Reading and translation into | | -ez: nez -er: danser | | s-liaison (revision): trois heures | -tion (revision): natation | | au (revision): <i>gauche</i> oi (revision): <i>droite</i> | Phonics |
| | English | | -gn-: montagne | | silent final consonant (s) (revision): heures | n-liaison (revision): en été | | | ch: douche |
| | | | qu : question | | (revision). <i>neures</i> | Phonics | | Phonics | h (revision): <i>habille</i> silent final e (revision): |
| | | | ç : ça va en : serpent | | Phonics | ain: copain | | en (revision): normalement | brosse |
| | | | silent final consonant (t): | | è: matières n-liaison: on a | en (revision): en in (revision): magasin | | s-liaison (revision): nous | |
| | | | serpent | | on (revision): on | ai: j'aime | | allons | Phonics aim: faim |
| | | | in: lapin -tion: natation | | | -er (revision): regarder | | Phonics | open o: orange |
| | | | | | Phonics soft c: glace | Phonics | | eu (revision): <i>veux</i> p.77, | eu (revision): euros |
| | | | Phonics | | u (revision): <i>du</i> | silent final -ent: jouent | | pronunciation box | qu (revision): <i>quinze</i> |
| | | | un: un im: important | | an (revision): mange | | | <pre>silent final consonant (x, t) (revision): veux, veut</pre> | Phonics |
| | | | j: je | | silent final consonant (s, t) | Revision and Assessment – Project | | y (revision). veux, veut | ê : pêche |
| | | | e : je | | (revision): <i>verts</i> | Listening and dictation | | Phonics | soft g: nager |
| | | | silent final consonant (s, t) | | Revision and Assessment – | - | | closed o: vélo | an (revision): en vacances |
| | | | (revision): <i>as, important</i> | | Project | | | -er (revision): aller silent final consonant (t) | Phonics |
| | | | | | Writing and translation into French | | | (revision): restaurant | r (revision): <i>rêve</i> |
| | 1 | | I | | rrenen | 1 | | | 1 |

| | | | Phonics | | | | | | ou (revision): voudrais |
|------|--|------|---|--------------|---|---|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | | | silent final e : curieuse | | | | | Revision and Assessment | |
| | | | a: pas | | | | | Project | |
| | | | silent final consonant (x) | | | | | Writing and translation | Revision and Assessment |
| | | | (revision): <i>curieux</i> | | | | | into French | Modules 1-5 (EOY) |
| | | | | | | | | | Project |
| | | | Phonics | | | | | | Reading and translation |
| | | | on: marron | | | | | | into French |
| | | | s-liaison: les yeux | | | | | | Speaking (if time allows) |
| | | | eu (revision): <i>cheveux</i> | | | | | | |
| | | | ç (revision): <i>garçon</i> | | | | | | |
| | | | Phonics | | | | | | |
| | | | eau (revision): beau | | | | | | |
| | | | silent final e (revision): appelle | | | | | | |
| | | | silent final consonant (s) | | | | | | |
| | | | (revision): <i>appelles</i> | | | | | | |
| | | | . , ,, | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Revision and Assessment – | | | | | | |
| | | | Project | | | | | | |
| | | | Listening and dictation | | | | | | |
| | Identity and culture | | Local area, holiday and travel | | Identity and culture | Local area, holiday and travel Describing where you live using | | Identity and culture | Revision and Assessment Modules 1-5 (EOY): |
| | Talking about television | | Saying what you did/have | | Talking about personality using | irregular adjectives and | | Talking about talent and | Project |
| | programmes using the present | | done in Paris using the perfect | | adjectival agreement to describe | comparative adjectives; | | ambition using infinitives | Writing and translating |
| | tense of <i>-er</i> verbs; | | tense of regular verbs; | | your best friend; | | | and the modal verb <i>vouloir</i> | into French |
| | , | | Saying when you did things | | | Describing your home using | | at present tense; | Speaking (if time allows) |
| | Talking about different types of films using the present tense of | | using the perfect tense of | | Talking about relationships | prepositions to say where things | | | |
| | avoir and être ; | | irregular verbs; | | justifying opinions and using | are; | | Encouraging or persuading | |
| | - | | Understanding information | | reflexive verbs and possessive | | | someone using the modal | |
| | Talking about different types of books using the present tense | | about a tourist attraction | | adjectives; | Talking about meals using the | | verbs pouvoir and devoir | |
| | of <i>-ir</i> and <i>-re</i> verbs; | | saying what something was | | | partitive article using the present | | at present tense; | |
| | | | like using c'était/ce n'était | | Talking about music agreeing, | and perfect tenses of verbs boire | | | |
| | Talking about what you do on | | pas//j'ai trouvé ça + adjective; | | disagreeing and giving reasons for your opinions using the present | and <i>prendre;</i> | | Saying who is the best, the | |
| | the internet using the present | nt 1 | Saying where you went and | nt 2 | tense of verb venir; | Discussing what food to buy | nt 3 | most, the least using | |
| Year | tense of aller and faire; | mei | how using the perfect tense of | mei | | using quantities with <i>de</i> to say | mei | superlative adjectives and | |
| 8 | tense of uner ana june, | essi | être verbs; | essi | Talking about clothes using the | how much to buy using <i>il faut</i> + | essi | three tenses together: | |
| | Talking about what you did | Asse | | Assessment 2 | near future tense ; | infinitive; | Asse | present, past and future; | |
| | yesterday evening using the | | Interviewing a suspect asking | | - | | | | |
| | perfect tense with <i>avoir</i> of - <i>er</i> | | questions about past events. | | Talking about your passion using | Talking about an event using | | Showing how much you | |
| | verbs. | | | | three tenses together: past, | three tenses (present, perfect, | | can do with the French | |
| | | | Phonics | | present and future tenses. | near future). | | language using a variety of | |
| | Phonics | | j (revision): <i>j'ai</i> silont final consonant (s) | | Ph | | | structures and tenses. | |
| | silent final e (revision): | | silent final consonant (s) (revision): des cartes postales | | Phonics | Phonics | | Phonics | |
| | regarde | | (revision). des curtes postules | | - eille -: <i>meilleur</i> - ouill -: débrouiller | silent final consonant (t, | | eu (revision): <i>veux</i> | |
| | é (revision): préférée | | Phonics | | -ouili-: debrouilier silent final e (revision): curieuse | d) (revision): grand, petit | | ch (revision): <i>chanter</i> | |
| | silent final consonant (s) | | u (revision): <i>vu</i> | | shent iniare (revision). curreuse | t-liaison (revision): petit | | -er (revision): chanter | |
| | (revision): émissions | | ou (revision): beaucoup p.30, | | Phonics | appartement | | r (revision): faire | |
| | Dhamina | | pronunciation box | | silent final consonant (d, s) | s-liaison (revision): dans un | | | |
| | Phonics h (rovision): horrowr | | h (revision): <i>hier</i> | | (revision): <i>entends</i> | -ille (revision): ville | | Dhomina | |
| 1 | h (revision): <i>horreur</i> | | | | | | | Phonics | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| | on (revision): passion | | nasal sounds on, en (revision): | Phonics | oi (revision): <i>dois, moi</i> | |
| | -tion (revision): fiction | Phonics | on, entends | - ez (revision): <i>chez</i> | silent final consonant (x) | |
| | | r (revision): <i>bizarre</i> | | oi (revision): <i>droite</i> | (revision): <i>peux</i> | |
| | Phonics | silent final consonant (t) | Phonics | au (revision): gauche | | |
| | u (revision): <i>lecture, tu</i> | (revision): <i>ouvert</i> | open eu: pleurer | | Dhawing | |
| | silent final consonant (x) | | ch (revision): chanteur | Phonics | Phonics | |
| | (revision): animaux, ennuyeux | Phonics | | soft and hard g: mange, baguette | silent final e (revision): | |
| | | s-liaison (revision): suis allé | Revision and Assessment – | nasal sounds an, en, in, ain | chante | |
| | Phonics | en (revision): en | Project | (revision): mange, prends, matin, | e (revision): <i>ne</i> | |
| | ai (revision): fais | n-liaison (revision): <i>en avion</i> | Writing and translation into | pain | silent final consonant (s) | |
| | oi (revision): <i>envoie</i> | n-naison (revision). en avion | French | P = | (revision): pas | |
| | | Dhamin | | Phonics | | |
| | Phonics | Phonics | | œu: œufs | Phonics | |
| | open and closed o (revision): | nasal sounds om, em: | | qu (revision): <i>paquet</i> | u (revision): <i>plus</i> | |
| | , | combien, temps | | | oi (revision): <i>voix</i> | |
| | photos | -ien (revision): combien | | silent final consonant (t) | s-liaison (revision): moins | |
| | u (revision): <i>discuté</i> | qu (revision): <i>quand, qui</i> | | (revision): <i>chocolat</i> | arrogant | |
| | é (revision): écouté | | | | -eille- (revision): meilleur | |
| | | Revision and Assessment: | | Phonics | eme (revision), memeur | |
| | Revision and Assessment: | Project | | silent final e (revision): artifice | Phonics | |
| | Project | Reading and Translation into | | é (revision): regardé | | |
| | Listening and dictation | English | | ai (revision): j'ai | -gn- (revision): gagner | |
| | | English | | | an (revision): candidat | |
| | | | | Revision and Assessment: | | |
| | | | | Project | Revision and Assessment: | |
| | | | | Listening and dictation | Project | |
| | | | | | Reading and translation | |
| | | | | | _ | |
| | | | | | into English | |
| | | | | Local area. holiday and travel | - | Revision and Assessment |
| | Identity and culture | Identity and culture | Future aspirations, study and | Local area, holiday and travel | International and global | Revision and Assessment Modules 1-5 (FOY) |
| | - | - | Future aspirations, study and work | | - | Modules 1-5 (EOY) |
| | Talking about what you do on | Naming the parts of the body, | work | Discussing holidays saying where | International and global dimension | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured | work Describing jobs giving reasons for | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation |
| | Talking about what you do on | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and \dot{a} + the | work Describing jobs giving reasons for | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun <i>y;</i> | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and \dot{a} + the definite article; | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and \dot{a} + the definite article; Talking about someone's | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun <i>y;</i> Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut</i> + | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and \dot{a} + the definite article; Talking about someone's | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun <i>y;</i> Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut +</i> <i>infinitive</i> and <i>depuis + present</i> ; | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| Year | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut</i> + | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; Saying what I used to do when I | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; Explaining what's | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| Year 9 | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; Describing a date, asking | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut +</i> <i>infinitive</i> and <i>depuis + present</i> ; | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; Saying what I used to do when I was younger, talking about what I | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun <i>y</i> ; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people say using the conditional; | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; Explaining what's important to me talking | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; Describing a date, asking questions about a past event, | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut +</i> <i>infinitive</i> and <i>depuis + present</i> ; Talking about healthy eating | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; Saying what I used to do when I was younger, talking about what I used to be like using the | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people say using the conditional; Saying what I do on holiday | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; Explaining what's important to me talking about what worries me | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; Describing a date, asking questions about a past event, saying what it was like using | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut +</i> <i>infinitive</i> and <i>depuis + present</i> ; Talking about healthy eating asking what someone's resolutions are to stay healthy | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; Saying what I used to do when I was younger, talking about what I | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people say using the conditional; Saying what I do on holiday talking about what I take/I will take with me on holiday using | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si</i> ; reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; Explaining what's important to me talking about what worries me using direct object | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
| | Talking about what you do on Facebook using present tense verbs; Inviting someone out, accepting or declining invitations using the near future tense; Describing a date, asking questions about a past event, saying what it was like using the perfect tense; | Naming the parts of the body, reacting if someone is injured using the nous form of the present tense and à + the definite article; Talking about someone's sporting routine using <i>il faut +</i> <i>infinitive</i> and <i>depuis + present</i> ; Talking about healthy eating asking what someone's resolutions are to stay healthy using the <i>je</i> form of the future | work Describing jobs giving reasons for my choices using masculine and feminine nouns and conditional; Learning about languages and why languages are important using modal verbs at present tense; Saying what I used to do when I was younger, talking about what I used to be like using the | Discussing holidays saying where I go or went, giving opinions and reasons about holidays using the pronoun y; Imagining adventure holidays describing what I would like to do giving reactions to what people say using the conditional; Saying what I do on holiday talking about what I take/I will | International and global dimension Discussing what I am/am not allowed to do using expressions with <i>avoir</i> and <i>si;</i> reacting to what others say using the imperative in the <i>tu</i> form; Explaining what's important to me talking about what worries me using direct object pronouns; | Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Writing and translation into French |
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| | Phonics -ien (revision): viens ou (revision): retrouve Phonics ai (revision): j'ai é (revision): joué n-liaison (revision): On a Phonics th (revision): rythmique qu (revision): rythmique ch (revision): télécharger Revision and Assessment: Project Listening and dictation | | -eille (revision): oreille silent final consonant (p, s, x) (revision): corps, yeux Phonics au (revision): faut i (revision): fatigue Phonics u (revisión): légumes ou (revisión): nourriture qu (revision): équilibré Phonics r (revision): irai ai (revision): marcherai Revision and Assessment: Project Writing and translation into French | | open o (revision): avocat ê (revision): être in (revision): întéresse Phonics -ail: travail eu (revision): veux Phonics é (revision): étais ou (revision): étais ou (revision): jouais Phonics oy: voyagerai -aill- (revision): travaillerai Phonics -er (revision): métier -tion (revision): formation Revision and Assessment: Project Reading and Translation into English | Phonics y (revision): y -gn- (revision): montagne -ille (revision): famille Phonics ai (revision): voudrais -ille (revision): tranquille Phonics e (revision): je me in (revision): bouquins Phonics -eil: soleil u (revision): plu ou (revision): coup Phonics oi (revision): voile a (revision): balade Revision and Assessment: Project Listening and Dictation | | Phonics i (revision): si aim (revision): faim Phonics qu (revision): qui nasal im, en, on, an : (revision): important, argent, monde, santé Phonics th (revision): éthique -tion (revision): conditions Phonics h (revision): heureux -eille- (revision): meilleur Revision and Assessment: Project Reading and Translation into English | |
|------------|---|--------------|---|--------------|--|--|--------------|---|--|
| Year 10 | Media and technology, My personal world Talking about what you do online using present tense of regular -er verbs; Discussing pros and cons; Saying what you do to stay active using the present tense of irregular verbs; Listening and transcribing in French; Talking about what you watch forming and answering questions; Preparing a role play; Making plans to go out using the near future; Responding to invitations; Saying what you did last weekend using the perfect tense ; Pronuncing é, er, ez correctly. | Assessment 1 | My personal world Talking about your weekend routine using reflexive verbs in the present tense; extending sentences using sequencers and connectives; Discussing friends and friendship making adjectives agree; Translating a passage into French; Talking about what people look like understanding the position of adjectives; Describing a photo; Talking about positive role models using direct object pronouns; Using the present and perfect tenses; Talking about celebrations using the perfect, present and near future tenses; Recognising adverbs. | Assessment 2 | Studying and my future Talking about school subjects and school life using comparative adjectives; Giving opinions and reasons; Discussing school rules using impersonal verb structures followed by infinitive; Expressing opinions, agreeing and disagreeing; Talking about making progress at school, using irregular verbs in the perfect tense; Pronouncing <i>oi</i> and <i>oy</i>; Talking about what school used to be like when you were younger using verbs in the imperfect tense; Translating into French; Talking about learning languages using the imperfect, perfect and near future tenses; Recognising a wider range of negative. | Lifestyle and wellbeing Talking about meals and meal times using the partitive article <i>du, de la, de l', des</i> and <i>en;</i> Spotting small words that can change meaning; Talking about good mental health using modal verbs: <i>devoir, pouvoir, vouloir;</i> Giving advice Describing illness and accidents uaing the perfect tense of reflexive verbs; Booking a doctor's appointment; Saying what you will do to improve your life using the simple future tense; Using more complex sentence structures; Talking aabout lifestyle changes using the imperfect, present and simple future tenses; Distinguishing | Assessment 3 | Travel and tourism Talking about your ideal holiday using the conditional; Extending spoken and written responses; Discussing what you can do and see on holiday, forming different types of questions; Giving advice using <i>il vaut la peine de</i> and <i>il vaut mieux</i> ; Talking about festivals using the pefect and imperfect tenses together; creating more complex sentences using relative pronouns; Reviewing and booking holiday accommodation using the perfect tense of modal verbs; Identifying positive and negative opinions; | Revision and Assessment Modules 1-5 (EOY) Project Reading and Listening Speaking (if time allows) |

| | Pronunciation and phonics: | | Pronunciation and phonics: | between tenses when | | |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Pronouncing Est-ce que? / | Pronunciation and phonics: | -er and -é at the end of words | listening. | Talking about staycation | |
| | Qu'est-ce que? | è / ê / ai (père, vêtements, | | | activities using a range of | |
| | | j'aime) | Pronunciation and phonics: | Pronunciation and phonics: | tenses; Using <i>si</i> + present | |
| | Watching out for silent final 'e' | | oi | Nasal sounds: | tense + simple future | |
| | and silent final consonants | œu / open eu (sœur, heure) | | en, an, em, am | tense. | |
| | such as -s, -t and -x, e.g. chose, | | oy with 'y' sound at end | ain, in, aim, im | | |
| | <i>jeux</i> ; silent verb endings - <i>e</i> , - <i>es</i> | Pronunciation and phonics: | (*incroyable, moyenne) | | Pronunciation and | |
| | | ch pronounced as 'sh' | | Pronunciation and phonics: | phonics: | |
| | and - <i>ent</i> | | Pronunciation and phonics: | -eu (deux) | <i>au / eau /</i> closed <i>o / ô</i> | |
| | | Pronunciation and phonics: | -s- between vowels in the middle | | h | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: | Silent letters t and d at the end | of a word pronounced as 'z' | Pronunciation and phonics: | | |
| | <i>qu</i> pronounced as 'k' | of the words, or pronounced | (faisais, maison, télévision) | Using knowledge of French | Pronunciation and | |
| | <i>c</i> pronounced as 'k' in front of | when e is added | | pronunciation to predict how to | phonics: | |
| | letters a, o, u (combien) | | Pronunciation and phonics: | say new vocabulary (parts of the | gn | |
| | letters a, o, a (combien) | Revision and Assessment: | -ien | body) | | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: | Project | | | Pronunciation and | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: Pronouncing <i>é</i> , <i>er</i> , <i>ez</i> correctly | Reading and Translation into | Revision and Assessment: Project | Pronunciation and phonics: | phonics: | |
| | | English | Listening and dictation | eu, ou, oi | on, om (bon, comprendre) | |
| | (mangé, manger, mangez) | | | | | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: | | | Pronunciation and phonics: | Pronunciation and | |
| | Using rising intonation with | | | Pronouncing every syllable | phonics: | |
| | questions | | | Revision and Assessment: | un | |
| | questions | | | Project | en, an, em, am | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: | | | | | |
| | <i>je</i> (or <i>j</i> [']) as a soft sound | | | Writing and Translation into | Revision and Assessment: | |
| | je (or j) as a soft sound | | | French | Project | |
| | tu and vous; i in il and ils; e in | | | | Listening | |
| | elle; iel | | | | | |
| | ene, iei | | | | | |
| | silent final -s | | | | | |
| | sherit final-s | | | | | |
| | Pronunciation and phonics: | | | | | |
| | <i>je</i> and <i>j'ai</i> | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Revision and Assessment: | | | | | |
| | Project | | | | | |
| | Writing and Translation into | | | | | |
| | French | | | | | |
| | | Future aspirations, study and | Future aspirations, study and | International and global | Revision, Practice Past | Revision, Practice Past |
| | School | work | work | dimension | Papers, and Exams | Papers, and Exams |
| | Talking about your school | | Discussions the importance of | | | |
| | | Discussing career choices | Discussing the importance of | Discussing ethical shopping using | | |
| | using the pronouns <i>il</i> and <i>elle;</i> | saying 'better/worse' and 'the | languages using adverbs; | the passive; | | |
| | Comparing school in the UK | best/worst thing'; | Applying for jobs using direct | Talking about volunteering using | | |
| Year | and French-speaking countries | | object pronouns in the perfect | indirect object pronouns; | | |
| 11 | using the pronouns <i>ils</i> and | Talking about plans, hopes and | tense; | Discussing big events giving | | |
| | elles; | wishes understanding the | Understanding case studies using | arguments for and against. | | |
| | Discussing school rules using il | subjunctive. | verbs followed by à or de. | | | |
| | faut and il est interdit de; | | | Phonics | | |
| | | Phonics | Phonics | u, ou (revision): <i>du coup</i> | | |
| | | | -ouill- (revision): débrouille | | | |
| | | -tion (revision): ambition | - ien (revision): <i>rien</i> | qu (revision): <i>équitable</i> | | |
| | | | | | | |

| Talking about getting the best out of school using the imperative; Talking about a school exchange using past, present and future timeframes. Phonics ou (revision): doué j (revision): déjeuner | im (revision): important in (revision): inconvénient i (revision): pire closed o (revision): boulot Phonics ê (revision): rêve é (revision): bénévolat Revision, Practice Past Papers, and Mock Exams | œu (revision): <i>sœur</i> Phonics -gn- (revision): <i>ligne</i> -ail (revision): <i>travail</i> Phonics -tion (revision): <i>orientation</i> -er (revision): <i>l'étranger</i> International and global dimension | Phonics -gn- (revision): soigne ai (revision): aider Phonics soft and hard g (revision): gens, augmentent a (revision): persuadé(e) Revision, Practice Past Papers, and Mock Exams | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Phonics silent final -ent (revision): portent u (revision): uniforme Phonics ch (revision): tricher | | Discussing problems facing the world making connections between word types; Talking about protecting the environment using the modal verbs <i>pouvoir</i> and <i>devoir</i> in the conditional. | | |
| ai (revision): <i>raison</i> Phonics oy (revision): <i>soyez</i> -ez (revision): <i>levez</i> | | Phonics silent final consonant (s, d, p) (revision): avis, grand, beaucoup closed o (revision): ozone -ill- (revision): milliard | | |
| Phonics on (revision): <i>on</i> n-liaison (revision): <i>on</i> <i>améliore</i> Revision, Practice Past Papers | | Phonics i (revision): <i>utiliser</i> ch (revision): <i>déchets</i> eau (revision): <i>eau</i> Revision, Practice Past Papers, and Mock Exams | | |

French Curriculum Map 2024-2025

Intent

Languages Department aimed to promote the Catholic values of self-respect, tolerance, understanding, care, and consideration for others through a range of topics studied in KS3 and KS4.

Our curriculum is reflecting the world pupils live in, using contexts familiar to them in their everyday lives and teaching them the vocabulary that they need to communicate with young French people of their own age on topics that interest and stimulate them. Students are introduced to young French people and given insight into the everyday life and culture of France and other French speaking countries, encouraging intercultural understanding. In addition, the curriculum has been designed carefully to allow emphasis on the following:

- recycling of language and structures throughout the course to aid language retention;
- skills pupils need to acquire for future success at GCSE (including well embedded pronunciation practice and dedicated skills spreads for listening, reading, speaking, and writing)

To raise the standards of teaching and learning in KS3 and KS4, the department ensures schemes of work are up to date and that they address content, knowledge, key words and literacy, differentiation (including challenge for most able), homework (including challenge), British values, misconceptions, and Enrichment.

We value the culture of our pupils and their families, so we provide a rich and varied curriculum that builds on children's experiences and their culture. Our aim is to develop a departmental understanding of 'cultural capital' and how the department could contribute to enhancing pupils' cultural capital, promoting cross-moderation between departments across the Trust to ensure accuracy of assessment and benchmarking of good practice.

Implementation

The department has implemented a three-year KS3 and two-year KS4 curriculum, looking for opportunities to develop the curriculum offer to support the needs of students in the future.

The department staff ensures students' work is consistently set at the right level focusing upon teaching from the top and supporting weaker students through effective differentiation. High-ability learners are supported through effective questioning, developing highly effective strategies to encourage creative thinking and facilitate higher level independent-learning and engagement. The divers needs of SEN and EAL students are met by setting achievable, motivational and challenging targets and implementing effective monitoring and assessment, when possible, making good use of learning support assistants and teaching assistants.

The focus on literacy is an important aspect in every lesson, so that students are able to develop strategies for accurate spelling, memorizing and retention of new vocabulary, key reading skills – skimming, scanning, research and reference skills – focus on written accuracy and the importance of checking, making links between English and the target language.

Assessment data is used to plan lessons, sequences of lessons and schemes of work and interventions. Underachieving students are identified, and they are included in an intervention program to be able to meet or exceed their target grade. Tracking progress thoroughly enabled staff to make accurate GCSE results predictions. Through regular marking in lines with school policy and use of regular landmark assessments and mid unit tests, students are making good or outstanding progress.

Impact

By the end of Key Stage 3, through regular informal, formal, and standardised assessments of different skills, students are equipped with the skills necessary to communicate effectively in the Target Language using different tenses and varied vocabulary. They are able to justify their opinions on a variety of topic areas, adding extra details to make the language more impressive. They develop the awareness of different cultural aspects and acquire the necessary skills to ease transition to KS4.

In KS4 the progress is assessed using regular and standardised assessments in all 4 skills during mock exams. All these assessments require revision and recalled skills and the effective use of home learning opportunities.

Our curriculum places spiritual, moral, social, cultural, and personal development as well as the British values, at the heart of its design, with group discussion, self-expression, and the promotion of tolerance (for example working and socialising with other students, including those from different religious, ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds) and respect towards the opinions of others. Each unit of work provided opportunities to develop and demonstrate skills and attitudes that will allow them to participate fully in and contribute positively to life in modern Britain (through video clips that represent the diversity of ethnic groups in contemporary France and discussion of this).

The curriculum enables students to be reflective about their own beliefs, to develop the sense of enjoyment in learning about themselves, others, and the world around them, use imagination and creativity in their learning: watching videos with young French people, listening to music, imagining their future relationships, comparing French school system and English school system.

The curriculum is planned so that all learners get a good start and are well prepared for the next stage in their education, training, or employment.